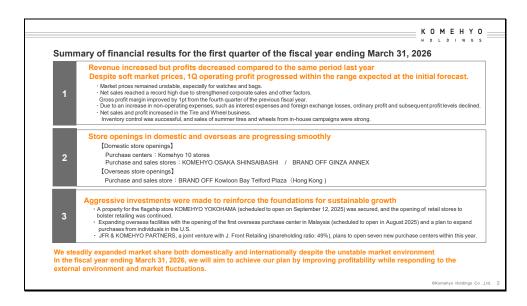


I'm Ishihara, President and CEO of Komehyo Holdings Co., Ltd. I'll now report on our results for the first quarter of the fiscal year ending March 2026.



First, I'd like to provide an overview of today's financial results.

First, for the first quarter of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2026, revenue increased but profit decreased compared to the same period last year.

Furthermore, despite weak commodity prices, first quarter operating profit remained within the range expected at the beginning of the fiscal year.

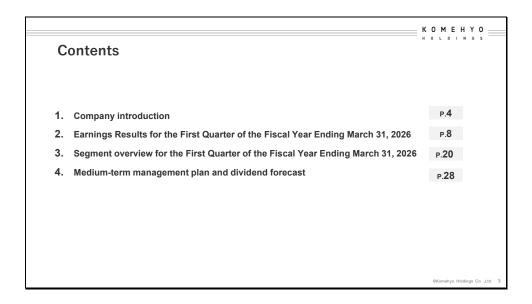
I will provide more details later.

Second, we are making steady progress with store openings both domestically and overseas.

We continue to expand while also trying new store formats.

Third, we are working to secure profits by investing in retail stores and buy-back specialty stores, laying the foundation for sustainable growth.

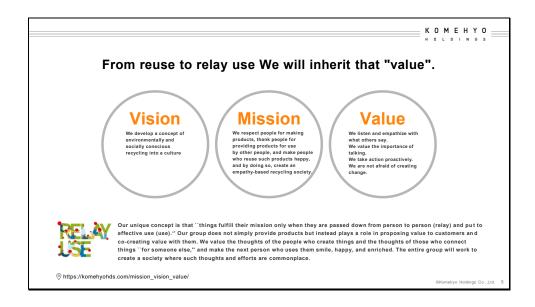
Even in a volatile market environment, we will continue to open new stores both domestically and overseas, and steadily expand our market share. This fiscal year, we will improve our profit structure while responding to the external environment, and aim to achieve our targets.



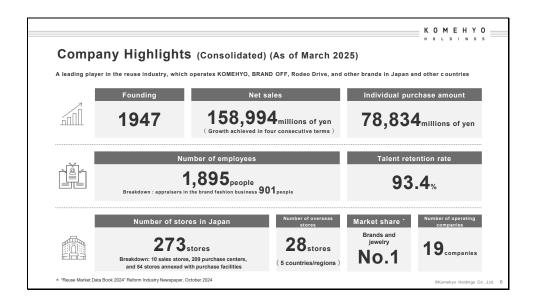
Here are the main topics I'll be talking about today.

## 1. Company introduction

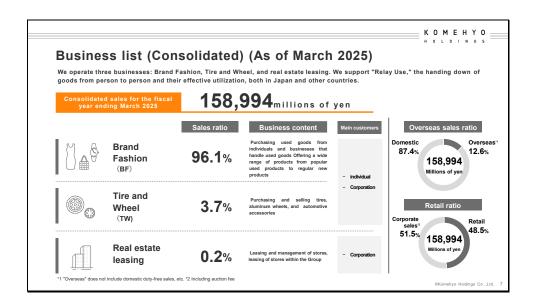
Here are the main topics I'll be talking about today.



Our group's mission is to "respect those who create, express gratitude to those who connect, and inspire those who use our products, thereby building empathy for a recycling-oriented society." Our vision is to transform relay reuse from an "idea" to a "culture."



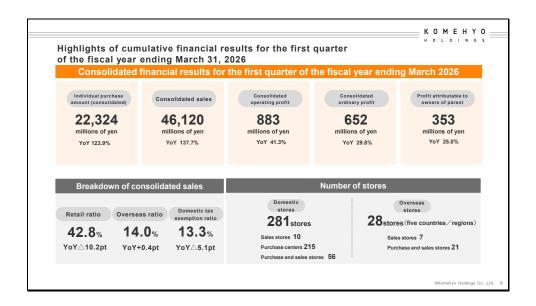
On this page, we have listed the indicators as of the end of the previous fiscal year to help you get an idea of our Group.



This is a summary of our business structure. We operate in three areas: brand fashion, tires and wheels, and real estate rental. We support "relay use," the passing on and effective use of things from person to person, both domestically and internationally.

2. Earnings Results for the First Quarter of the Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 2026

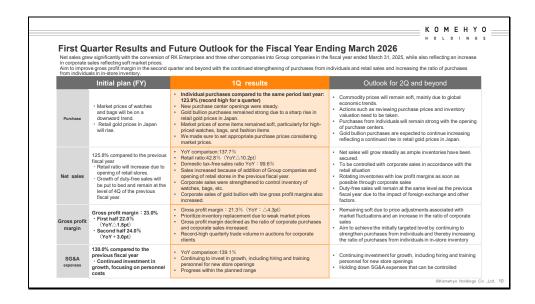
Now, I would like to talk about our consolidated results for the first quarter of the fiscal year ending March 2026.



The highlights of our first quarter financial results are as follows.

Consolidated individual purchase amounts and sales reached record highs.

I will now explain the details in order.



Results for the first quarter and outlook for the future.

In the first quarter, sales grew significantly due to the acquisition of four companies as group companies in the previous fiscal year, as well as increased corporate sales of gold bullion and watches and bags due to weak commodity prices.

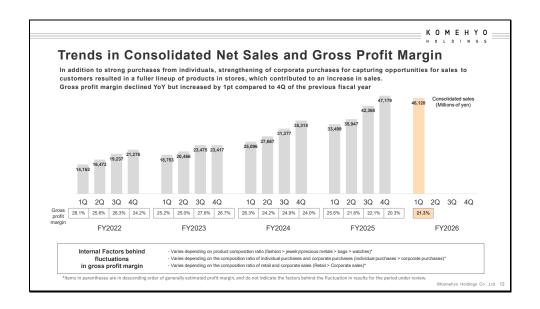
Although sales to domestic customers were strong, due to the impact of external factors such as fluctuations in exchange rates and commodity prices, duty-free sales stabilized at 99.6% compared to the same period last year. As a result of further strengthening corporate purchasing and corporate sales with the aim of inventory control, the gross profit margin was down 4.3 points compared to the same period last year.

From the second quarter onwards, we will continue to strengthen individual purchases and retail sales, and by increasing the proportion of individual purchases in in-store inventory, we aim to achieve the gross profit margin at the level planned at the beginning of the period.

Performance						
Net sales reached record h Operating profit and subse	-	decreased due to	o a decline in the ç	gross profit margin	and higher SG&A	expenses
(Millions of yen)	2024.3-1Q	2025.3-1Q	2026.3-1Q	Changes	YoY	Plan Ratio*
Net sales	25,096	33,499	46,120	12,620	137.7%	23.1%
Gross profit	6,592	8,579	9,841	1,262	114.7%	_
Gross profit margin	26.3%	25.6%	21.3%	<b>△4.3pt</b>	-	_
SG&A expenses	4,867	6,442	8,958	2,515	139.1%	-
Operating profit	1,724	2,137	883	△1,253	41.3%	11.0%
Operating profit margin	6.9%	6.4%	1.9%	<b>△4.5pt</b>	-	_
Ordinary profit	1,762	2,186	652	△1,534	29.8%	8.8%
Net income attributable to owners of parent	1,183	1,412	353	△1,059	25.0%	7.7%

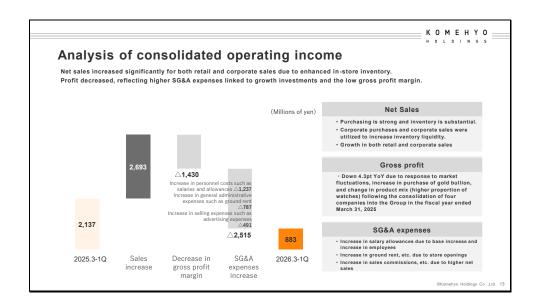
This is the consolidated income statement.

Sales reached a record high, but due to a significant increase in selling, general and administrative expenses, operating profit and other profit levels decreased.

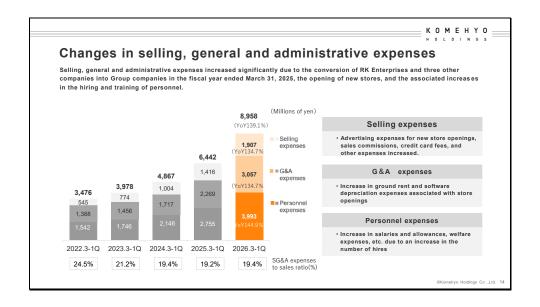


These are trends in consolidated sales and gross profit margins. In the first quarter, in addition to strong individual purchases, we further strengthened corporate purchasing in order to capture sales opportunities to domestic and overseas customers.

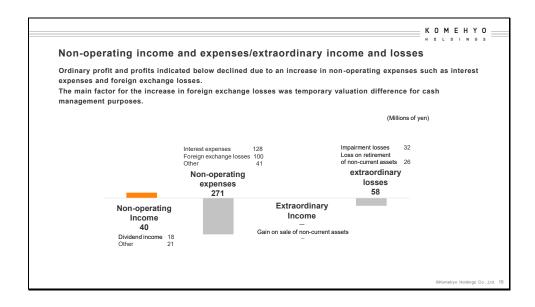
Strengthened purchasing led to an expansion of store product lineups, which led to increased revenue. Gross profit margins decreased compared to the same period last year, but increased by 1 percentage point from the fourth quarter of the previous fiscal year.



Analysis of consolidated operating profit. Sales increased significantly due to strong performance in retail and corporate sales. Operating profit decreased due to a lower gross profit margin and an increase in selling, general and administrative expenses due to growth investments.

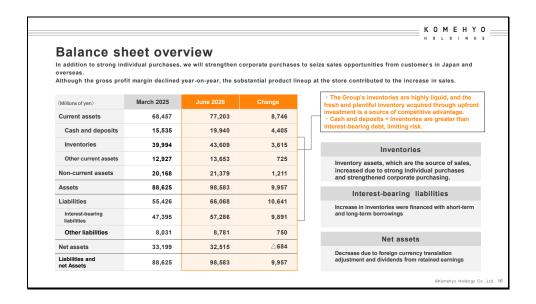


This is the trend in selling, general and administrative expenses. Selling, general and administrative expenses increased significantly due to the formation of a four-company group in the previous fiscal year, the opening of new stores, and the accompanying strengthening of recruitment and training of personnel.



These are non-operating income/loss and extraordinary income/loss. Due to an increase in non-operating expenses such as interest expenses and foreign exchange losses, profits below ordinary profit decreased.

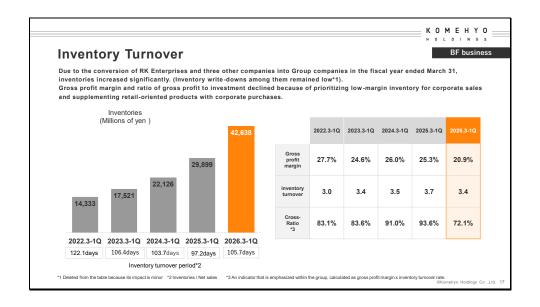
The increase in foreign exchange losses was mainly due to a temporary valuation difference in cash management.



This is an overview of the balance sheet.

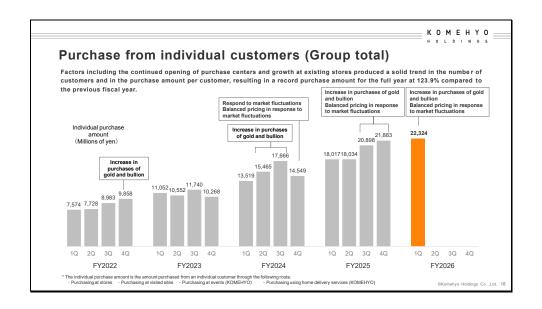
Inventory assets, which directly contribute to growth and serve as a source of funds for sales expansion, steadily increased during the first quarter.

Our group's inventory assets are highly liquid, and our abundant, fresh inventory, which we have invested in upfront, is a competitive advantage.



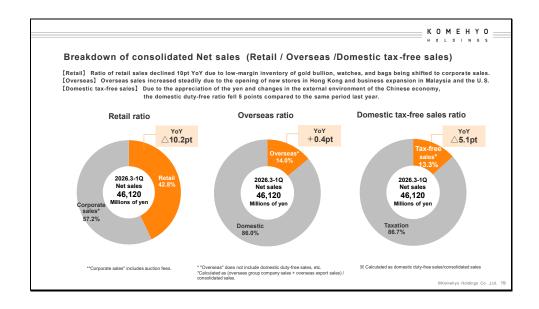
This is inventory turnover in the Brand & Fashion business. Inventory assets increased significantly due to the incorporation of group companies in the previous fiscal year, but inventory valuation losses remained low.

In addition, in response to market fluctuations for watches and bags, we prioritized low-profit margin inventory for corporate sales. As a result of supplementing retail-bound products with corporate purchases, our gross profit margin decreased. As a result, we were able to dispose of low-profit margin inventory as planned.



This shows the trend in the group's individual purchase amounts. While continuing to conduct well-balanced purchases linked to product market prices, we also opened new purchase specialty stores, strengthened promotions, and strengthened existing stores through campaigns.

As a result, we achieved a record high individual purchase amount, 123.9% higher than the same period last year.



Breakdown of consolidated sales. The retail sales ratio decreased 10 points year-on-year due to the redirection of low-margin inventory of gold bullion, watches, and bags to corporate sales.

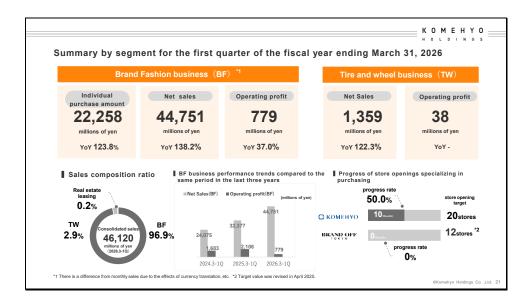
The overseas sales ratio remained at the same level as previous years, with steady expansion, mainly in Hong Kong.

The domestic duty-free sales ratio decreased 5 points year-on-year due to a decline in both the number of tourists visiting Japan and average customer spending due to the continued appreciation of the yen and the impact of the Chinese economy.

3. Segment overview for the First Quarter of the Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 2026

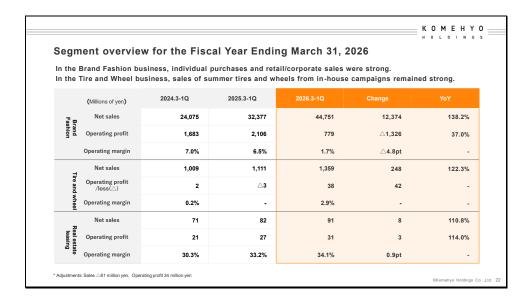
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Next, I will explain the segment overview.



A summary of the financial results by segment is shown below.

The Brand & Fashion business saw an increase in revenue but a decrease in profit, while the Tire & Wheel business saw an increase in revenue and profit.



Here is a summary of our financial results by business segment.

The Brand & Fashion business reported sales of 44,751 million yen and operating profit of 779 million yen.

The Tire & Wheel business reported sales of 1,359 million yen and operating profit of 38 million yen.

The Real Estate Leasing business reported sales of 91 million yen and operating profit of 31 million yen.

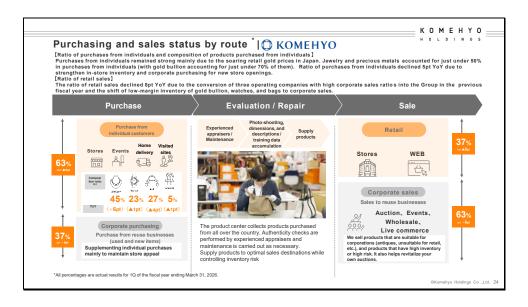
In the Brand & Fashion business, individual purchases and retail/corporate sales were strong, but operating profit decreased due to a decline in the gross profit margin and an increase in selling, general and administrative expenses.

In the Tire & Wheel business, profit margins improved due to strong sales of summer tires and in-house designed wheels.



The number of stores within the Group is as shown below.

In the first quarter, we opened 13 stores both in Japan and overseas, including our flagship store, KOMEHYO OSAKA SHINSAIBASHI, which opened in June.



This is the purchasing and sales status by channel for Komehyo, the core business of our Brand & Fashion division.

The ratio of individual purchases and the composition of products decreased by 5 points compared to the same period last year.

The amount purchased by individuals reached an all-time high, driven by growth in existing stores, the active opening of specialized purchase stores, and the soaring domestic retail price of gold. Of this, just under 70% is gold bullion, which has a low profit margin.

Additionally, in order to maximize sales opportunities both domestically and internationally, we strengthened corporate purchasing with the aim of increasing instore inventory, resulting in a greater-than-expected increase in corporate purchasing.

The retail sales ratio decreased 8 points compared to the same period last year. Sales to domestic customers were strong, but due to the continuing appreciation of the yen and the impact of the Chinese economy,

both the number of tourists visiting Japan and average customer spending decreased, and duty-free sales were lower than the previous year.

In addition, the increase in corporate sales was also due to the redirection of low-margin inventory of gold bullion, watches, and bags to corporate sales.



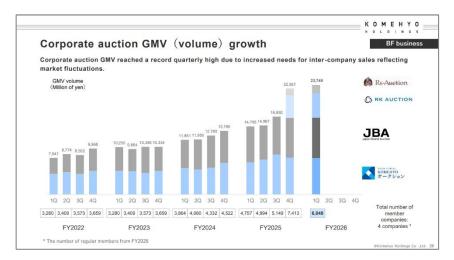
This is the status of strengthening private purchases and retail sales. On June 11th, KOMEHYO's flagship store, "KOMEHYO OSAKA SHINSAIBASHI," opened in Shinsaibashi.

The store is located in Shinsaibashisuji Shopping Arcade, a popular shopping district visited by many tourists from Japan and abroad.

We are progressing largely according to plan toward our first-year annual sales target of 3 billion yen.

Duty-free sales at this store account for 70% of sales, and we believe that as one of our important bases in Asia, this will contribute to raising awareness and strengthening our competitiveness in the global market.

Furthermore, in order to expand market share and improve our profit structure from the second quarter onwards, we will continue to open stores and expand our bases both domestically and internationally, such as opening a KOMEHYO flagship store in Yokohama on September 12 and commencing individual purchases in the United States during this fiscal year.



The trend in auction volume is shown below. Including the two auction management companies that became group companies last term, we currently operate four corporate auctions.

Market fluctuations have led to increased demand for sales between corporations, and volume reached a record high for a quarter.



This is an overview of the tire and wheel business. Both individual and corporate purchases were strong, allowing us to secure ample inventory to fund our sales.

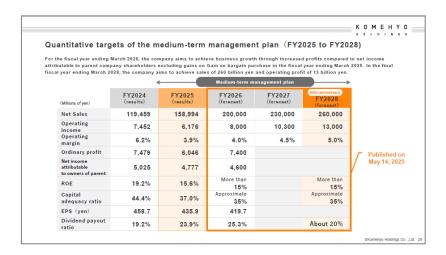
Sales were strong thanks to the holding of events that captured customer needs and the popularity of four-wheel drive vehicles, the development of in-house designed wheels in line with market trends, and the expansion of our overseas sales network.

Overseas sales in particular made a significant contribution to sales and profits.

4. Medium-term management plan and dividend forecast

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Next, I will talk about our medium-term management plan and dividend forecast.

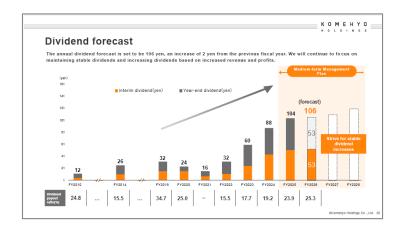


The numerical targets for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2028 are as shown below. In the first quarter, sales were strong due to factors such as an expansion in individual purchases, but the gross profit margin remained difficult to increase due to the impact of the external environment, including commodity prices.

While the external environment remains unstable at present, we are opening new stores, including flagship stores, that also house purchasers and retailers.

In addition, we will continue to focus on securing high-quality inventory by strengthening individual purchases, controlling prices appropriately, and allocating products to appropriate sales channels.

This fiscal year, while responding to the external environment, we will prioritize proactive inventory securing and capital investment, steadily expand our market share, improve our profit structure, and aim to achieve our targets.



Regarding dividend forecasts.

For the fiscal year ending March 31, 2026, we plan to pay an interim dividend of 53 yen and a year-end dividend of 53 yen, an increase of 2 yen, for an annual dividend of 106 yen.

With a dividend payout ratio of 20%, we will focus on continuing to provide stable dividends and increase dividends based on increased revenue and profits.



This concludes my presentation.

Thank you very much for your attention.